

STERLIN, D.M.; IEYKIN, 1.Z.; ZAKHAROV, F.I.

Drum-type dryers for ground wood. Der. prom. 13 no.7:10-15 Jl '64.
(MIRA 17:11)

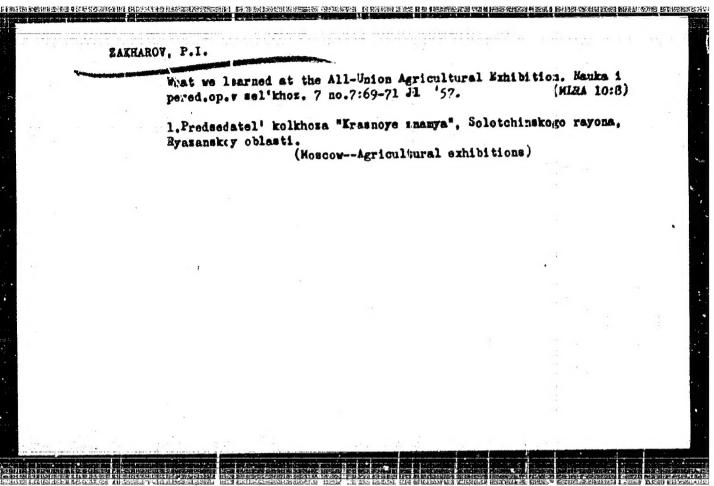
1. TSentral'nyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut famery i mebeli.

STERLIN, D.M.; ZAKHAFOV, P.I.; LEYKIN, A.Z.

Pneumatic dryers for wood chips. Dar.prom. 11 no.10:6-9
0 '62.

1. TSentrul'nyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut farery 1
mebeli.

(Drying apparatus) (Wood--Drying)



THE REPORT OF THE PROPERTY OF

SAMOYLOVICH, Georgiy Georgiyevich, prof. Prinimali uchastaye:
YEREMEYEV, V.S.; KUDRITSKIY, D.M.; ZENIK, F.I.; BAKH, M.K.;
CHEIROKOV, V.P.; GERTSENOVA, K.M.; RAFES, P.M.; ZAKHAPOV, P.M.; DEYMEKO, V.F., doktor tekhn. nauk, prof., retsenzent;
ZAKHAROV, V.K., prof., retsenzent; MIROSHNIKOV, V.S., dots., retsenzent; BELOV, S.V., doktor sel'khoz. nauk, red.

[Use of serial photographic surveying and airplanes in forestry; aerial photography of forests and forest aviation] Primenenie aerofotos emki i aviatsii v lesnom khoziaistve; aerofotom emka lesov i lesnaia aviatsiia. Izd.2., dop. i ispr. Moskva, Lesnaia promyshl., 1964. 485 p. (MIRA 17:10)

1. Kafed a lesnoy taksatsii i lesoustroystva Belorusskogo tekhnologicheskogo instituta (for Zakharov, Mircshnikov).

ALFEROV, A.A.; ARTEMKIN, A.A.; ASHKENAZI, Ye.A.; VINOGRADOV, G.P.; GALSTEV, A.U.; GHIGOR'YEV, A.N.; D'YACHENEC, P.Yo.; ZALIT, H.H.; ZAKHAROV. P.H.: ECRNIN, N.P.; IVAHOV, I.I.; IL'IN, I.P.; EIGTIK, P.I.; KUDRYA-SHOV, A.T.; LAPSHIN, F.A.; MOLYARCHUK, V.S.; PER:SOVSKIY, L.M.; POGODIN, A.M.; RUDOY, M.L.; SAVIN, K.D.; SIHOMOV, K.S.; SITKOVSKIY, I.P.; S.THIK, M.D.; TETEREY, B.K.; TSETTREIN, I.To.; TSUKANOV, P.P.; SHADIKYAH, V.S.; ADELUNG, N.N., rotsenzent; AFAHAS'YEV, Yo.V., retsenzent; V.ASOV, V.I., retsenzent; VOROB'YEV, I.Yo., retsenzent; VORO-HOV. N.A., retsenzent; GRITCHENKO, V.A., retsenzent; ZHEREBIN, M.H., retsenzint; IVLIYEV, I.V., retsenzent; KAPCRTSEV, H.V., retsenzent; KOCHUROV, P.H., retsenzent; KRIVCHUCHKO, H.Z., retsenzent; KUCHKO, A.P., retsenzent; LOBANOV, V.V., retsenzent; MOROZOV, A.S., retsenzent; (RLOV, S.P., retsensent; PAVIUSHKOV, E.D., retsenzent; POPOV, A.N., retsenzent; PROKOF'YRV, P.I'., retsenzent; RAKOV, V.A., retsenzent; {INEGUBOV, N.I., retsenzent; TERENIN, D.F., retsenzent; TIEHO-MIROV, I.G., retsenzent; URBAN, I.V., retsenzent; PIALKOVSKIY, I.A., retsenment; CHEPYZHEV, B.F., retsenzent; SHEBYAKIN, O.S., retsenzent, SHCHER MAKOV, P.D., retsenzent; GARNYK, V.A., redaktor; LOMAGIN, H.A. redaktor; MORDVINKIN, H.A., redaktor; HAUMOV, A.N., redaktor; PORE-DIE, V.F., redaktor; RYAZAHTSEV, B.S., redaktor; TVERSKOY, K.N., redaktor; CHEREVATYY, H.S., redaktor; ABSHINOV, I.M., redaktor; BABELYAN, V.B., redaktor; BERNGARD, K.A., redaktor; VERSHIESKIY, S.V., redaktor; GAMBURG, Ye.Yu., redaktor; DERIBAS, A.T., redaktor; DOMERCYSKIT, K.I., redaktor; KOMNEYEV, A.I., redaktor; HIKHEYEV, A.P., (Continued on next card) redaktor

中国名目的是国际国际区域,在1955年,在1950年的1950年,1950年,1950年,1950年,1950年,1950年,1950年,1950年,1950年,1950年,1950年,1950年,1950年,1950年

EIFER()V, A.A. ---- (continued) Card 2.

MOSEVIN, G.N., redaktor; RUBINSHTEYN, S.A., redaktor; TSYPIN, G.S.,
redaktor; CHERHYAVSKIY, V.Ya., redaktor; CHERHYSHEV, V.I., redaktor;
CHERHYSHEV, M.A., redaktor; SHADUR, L.A., redaktor; SHISHKIN, K.A.,
redaktor

[Railroad handbook] Spravochnaia knizhka zheleznodorozhnika, Izd. 3-e, ispr. i dop. Pod obshchei red. V.A.Garnyka. Moskva, Gos. transp.zhel-dor. izd-vo, 1956. 1103 p. (MLRA 9:10)

1. Nauchno-tekhnicheskoye obshchestvo zheleznodorozhnogo transporta. (Railroads)

sov/92-59-2-30/40

-4(3)

Bondarchuk, A.P., S.R. Kofman, and P.M. Zakharov, Members of the Kiyev

Branch of the Tiprotruboprovod Institute

AUTHORS:

Storage of Petroleum Products in Subterranean Cavities (Khraneniye TITLE:

nefteproduktov v podzemnykh pustotakh)

PERIODICAL: Neftyanik, 1959, Nr 2, p 30 (USSR)

The rapid development of the petroleum industry puts before Soviet engineers and technicians the problem of creating a new way of storaging petroleum ABSTRACT: and its products. The authors state that instead of storing petroleum and its products in surface or subsurface steel tanks, it would be much more expedient to use natural or artificially made subterranean cavities. Since abundant saline deposits exist an the Soviet Union, it would be possible to make artificial caverns in salt rocks and to use them for the storage of petroleum. A detailed survey of saline deposit should be made by logging beforehand to find out if rocks 'are suitable for this purpose. Then an input well should be drilled and water injected in order to wash out of the salt bed a sufficient quantity of salt to create a cavern. The resulting salt solution should be pumped out and brought to a special storage reservoir. It has been escertained that 6 m3 water are needed to wash out 1 m2 of calt. The process

Card 1/2

### "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/15/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001963520017-7

Storage of Petroleum Products (Cont.)

80V/92-59-2-30/40

of leaching rock salt of its bed has been applied in the chemical industry for the last 50 years, and it appears that the creation of subterranean cavities by using a similar method is feasible. This promising method of storing petroleum and its products is much more practicable and economical than the method hitherto and its products is much more practicable and economical than the method hitherto used. It would require less capital investment, reduce explosion and fire hexard, and diminish the evaporation rate of products stored.

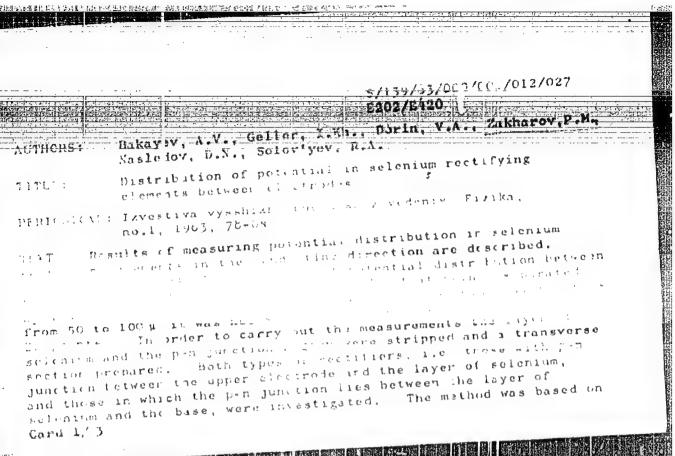
ASSOCIATION: Kiyevskiy filial institute Giprotruboprovod(The Kiyev Branch of the Giprotruboprovod Institute)

Card 2/2

RAKATEV, A.V.; GELIER, I.Kh.; DORIK, V.A.; ZAKHAROV, P.M.; NASLEDOV, D.N.; SOLOVIVEY, R.A.

Potential distribution in selenium rectifier elements between the electrodes. Ixv. vye. ucheb. zav; fiz. no.1: (MIRA 16:5) 78-84 '63.

L' Leningradskiy politekhnicheskiy institut imeni M.I.Kalinina. (Electric current rectifiers) (Electric measurements)



。 1985年 1986年 - 1985年 - 1985年 1985年 1985年 - 1

> 5/139/63/000/001/012/027 E202/E420 Distribution of petential .... mentaring the difference of potential between one of the exectrodes and a nor de, the latter being priced at various points on the ermore table to the and the good server into the welenium regions to the first the second section of the second section of the second section of the second section se of the intentation made by the properwise 1.5 to 21, herec the potertial could be measured at joints separated by a distance of 5... Since the probe contact with selenium has a considerable resistance of the order of 100 to 109 shas, a high resistance veltmeter was and in the measurements. This comprised a potenticmeter with a shading the measurements of the shading state of th minstre esta had ar absolute in or it is all V. . in iterable care was then in the preparation of the transverse sections. The ... so sho n that the man fraction of the potential applied junction region on the same to the period of sales of sales of the period of the perio for not more than 25% of the above face. In admitton to problems

Distribution of petential	5/139/63/000/001/012/027 0202/0420
the potential against the distance	over the CdS-(orCdSe)-Se-Ri <sub>2</sub> Se <sub>3</sub> -
write a second supplies a company of the company of	
ASSOCIATION: Lenir gradskiy politekh	michoskiy institut imeni
M.I.Falinina (Deningra imen. 1.1.ral ni:	d Pelytochnic Instituto
SUBMITTED: August 22, 1961	
. •	
Card 3/3	
de chol de la lance d'applicate establisha son la companya establisha de la lance	

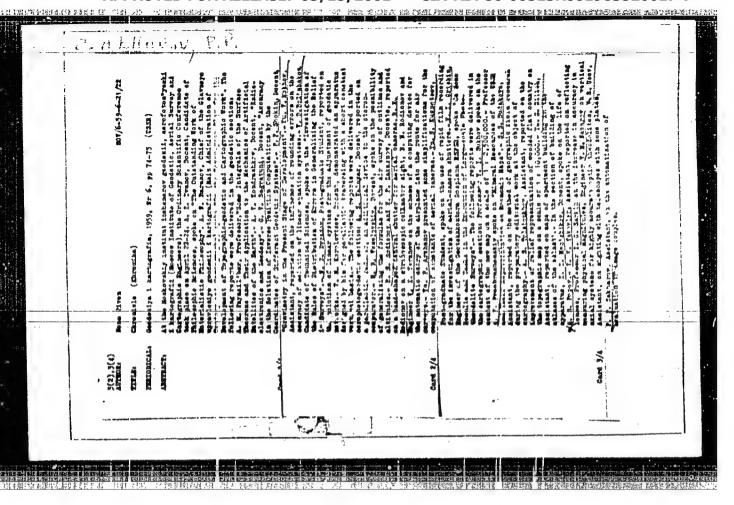
ZAKHAROV, P. M.

Perspektivnys: plany razvitiia avto-guzhevogo transporta v Severnoi Azii. Plans for developing automobile freight traffic in North Asia 7. (Sovetskaia Aziia, developing automobile freight traffic in North Asia 7. (Sovetskaia Aziia, developing automobile freight traffic in North Asia 7. (Sovetskaia Aziia, developing automobile freight traffic in North Asia 7. (Sovetskaia Aziia, developing automobile freight traffic in North Asia 7. (Sovetskaia Aziia, developing automobile freight traffic in North Asia 7. (Sovetskaia Aziia, developing automobile freight traffic in North Asia 7. (Sovetskaia Aziia, developing automobile freight traffic in North Asia 7. (Sovetskaia Aziia, developing automobile freight traffic in North Asia 7. (Sovetskaia Aziia, developing automobile freight traffic in North Asia 7. (Sovetskaia Aziia, developing automobile freight traffic in North Asia 7. (Sovetskaia Aziia, developing automobile freight traffic in North Asia 7. (Sovetskaia Aziia, developing automobile freight traffic in North Asia 7. (Sovetskaia Aziia, developing automobile freight traffic in North Asia 7. (Sovetskaia Aziia, developing automobile freight traffic in North Asia 7. (Sovetskaia Aziia, developing automobile freight traffic in North Asia 7. (Sovetskaia Aziia, developing automobile freight traffic in North Asia 7. (Sovetskaia Aziia, developing automobile freight traffic in North Asia 7. (Sovetskaia Aziia, developing automobile freight traffic in North Asia 7. (Sovetskaia Aziia) 8. (Sovetsk

SO: Soviet Transportation and Communications, A Bibliography, Library of Congress,
Reference Department, Washington, 1952, Unclassified.

### "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/15/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001963520017-7



ZAKHAROV, P.P., prof.; GUDKOVA, Ye.I., kand.biolog.nauk; PORJEINOVSKAYA, H.M., kund.med.nauk; FISHMAN, G.A.; KHANAZAHOVA, N.A.

New data on immunological features in rheumatic fever and tonsillar diseases. Vop.revm. 2 no.3:12-17 J1-8 162. (MIRA 16:2)

l. Iz Gosudarstvennogo nauchno-issledovatel skogo instituta ukha, gorla i nosa (dir. - prof. N.A. Bobrovskiy) Ministerstva zdravockhraneniya RSFSR.

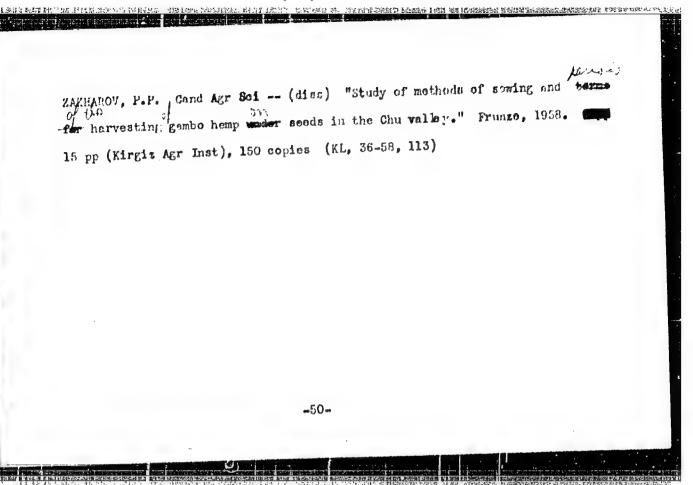
(RHEUMATIC FEVER) (TONSILS--DISEASES) (HAMUNITY)

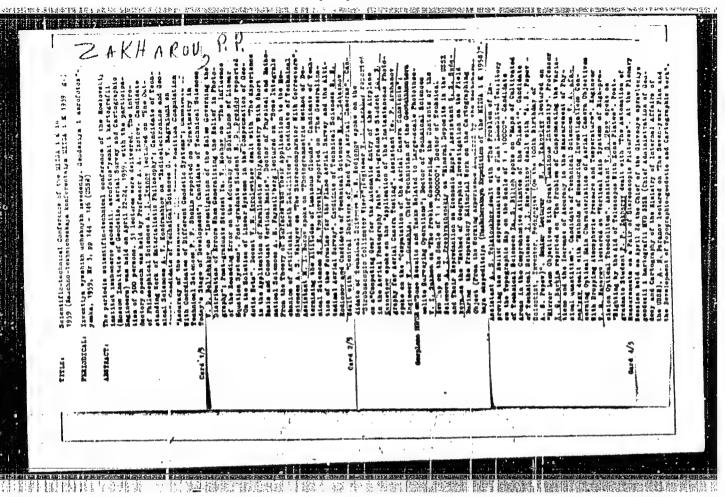
SMIRNOVA, T.M., inzh.; ZAKHAROV, P.P., inzh.; KOSTYUKOV, N.S., kand. tekhn.
nauk; iHARITONOV, F.Ya., kand. tekhn. nauk

Deformation of ceramic products under the effect of their own
weight during firing. Stek.jker. 22 no.10133-35; 0 \*55.

(MEMA 18:12)

1. Gosudarstvennyy nauchno-isaledovatel\*akky elaktrokeramicheskiy
institut.





VOLOTSKOI, Nikolay Vasil'yevich; ZIL'HER, David Alekuandrovich; ENORRING, Oleh Mikhaylovich; LAZAREV,D.H., redaktor; ZAMUROV,P.P., redaktor; ZAMUROMA,A.A., tekinicheskiy redaktor

[Fluorescent lighting] Liuninestsentnoe osveshchenie. Hoskva, Gos. (MLRA 9:2)

energ. izd-vo. 1955. 304 p. (MLRA 9:2)

(Electric lighting, Fluorescent)

ZAKHARO'I, Pavel Pavlovich, kand. sel'khoz. nauk; ALEKSANDROVA, N., red.

[Let's achieve large bast fiber crops] Dob'emsia vysokikh urozhaev lubianykh kul'tur. Frunze, Kirgizgoslzdat, 1963. 21 p. (MIRA 17:10)

1. Direktor Chuyskoy opytnoy stantsii po lubyanym kulituram (for Zakharov).

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/15/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001963520017-7"

TO THE PROPERTY OF THE PERSON OF THE PERSON

USSR/Cultivated Plants - Technical, Oleaninous, Sachariforous,

::-7

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., Ho 9, 1958, 39431

Author

: Zak arov, P.P.

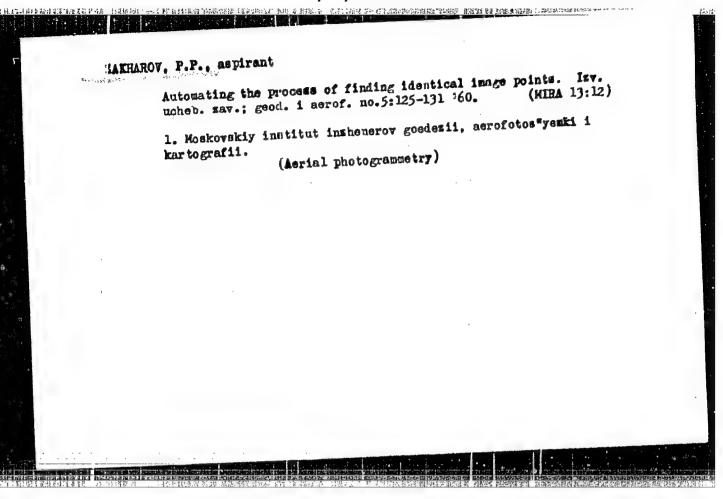
Inst : Kirglz Scientific Research Institute of Agriculture.

Title : : Troblems of Cambo Heap Seed Cultivation in Kirgisiya.

Orig Pub : Byul. Kirg. n.-i. in-ca sandad., 1957, 1, 26-29.

Abstract : No abstract.

Card 1/1



\$/154/60/000/005/007/008 BO12/B060

9,7900

AUTHOR:

Zakharov, P. P., Aspirant

TITLE:

Automation in Identifying Image Points.

PERIODICAL: Izvestiya vysshikh uchebnykh zavedeniy. Geodeziya i aerofotos"yemka, 1960, No. 5, pp. 125 - 331

TEXT: Studies on the automation in identifying image points began in 1957 at the Moskovskiy institut inzhenerov geodezii. aerofotos "yemki i kartografii (Moscow Institute of Engineers of Geodesy, Aerial Photography, and Cartography) under the supervision of Docent S. V. Yeliseyev, chairman of the kafedra priborostroyeniya (Department for Instrument Construction). The schematic diagram shown in Fig. 1 was worked out in the course of these studies. The diagram is based on the continuous following (with time) of the point concerned until the identical point is established. Included in the diagram are: 1) two carriages with micrometer reading device, where the negatives with the identical point images, whose coordinates are to be measured, are housed; 2) converting devices for obtaining a voltage clearly distinguishing the points "investigated";

Card 1/4

Lutomation in Identifying Image Points

\$/154/60/000/005/007/008 B012/B060

3) amplitude equalizer; 4) summator; 5) a device for ensuring the identification of the least difference of characterizing voltages due to the shift of one of the negatives; 6) calculator, with the aid of which the necessary data may be obtained for any concrete case. The whole system as based on the devices converting the image into its characteristic voltage. A converter was worked out for this purpose which satisfies the Collowing two principal requirements: 1) conversion of image into its characteristic voltage, and 2) continuous conversion, unbounded in time, of the image "investigated". This apparatus is schematically shown in Fig. 2. It is an electronic optical converter with rotating half-disc (Authors | Certificate No. 613423/26 of December 26, 1959). It includes, 1) illuminator, 2) the image to be converted, 3) the objective which projects the part of image to be converted into the modulator plane, 4) modulator in the form of a rotating half-disc, 5) an optical system for eliminating the effect of local sensitivity of the photomultiplier cathode, 6) photomultiplier. The form of the characteristic voltage is dependent upon the image projected upon the modulator, while the phase lepends upon the angular position of modulator with respect to the selected modulator coordinate origin. The equality of form and phase of

Dard 2/4

Automation in Identifying Image Points

s/154/60/000/005/007/008

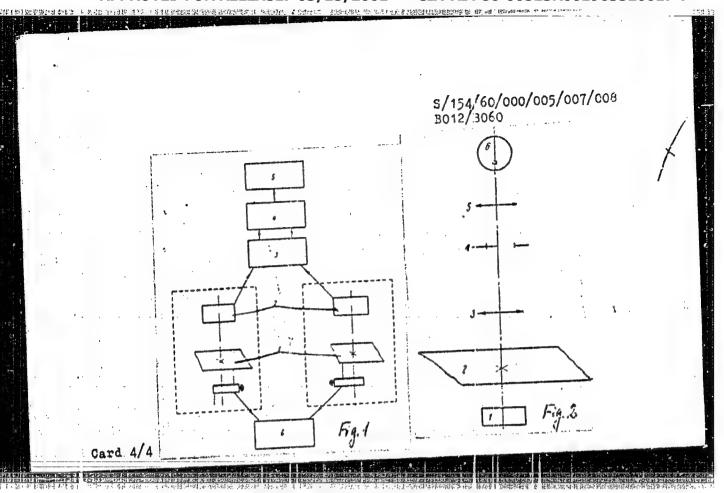
the characteristic voltage is taken as the criterion for the identity of two points. The simplest way is to subtract the voltages. If form and phase are equal, the potential drop will be vanishing for equal amplitudes. Therefore, amplitudes must be equalized. A model based on two microphotometers was worked out in accordance with the diagram of Fig. 1 for the experimental investigation of the principle given here. The model is described briefly (without going into details) along with its operation. Pictures of the model, its electronics, and the oscilloscope screens are shown along with characteristic voltages and potential drops. There are 5 figures, 1 table, and 1 Soviet reference.

ASSOCIATION: Moskovskiy institut inzhenerov geodesii, aerofotos"yemki i kartografii (Moscow Institute of Engineers of Geodesy,

Aerial Photography, and Cartography)

SUBMITTED: July 7, 1960

Card 3/4



APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/15/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001963520017-7"

- 1. ZOLOTAREV, M. N., ZANHAROV, P. S. and SLIBSAREV, M. G.
- 2. USSR (600)
- 4. Powerantsev, Dmitrii Vladimirovich, 1869-1952
- 7. Dmitriy Vladimirovich Pomerantsev. Les i step! 14 No. 11, 1952.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, February 1953, Unclassified.

ZAKHAROV, P.S.; AKHROMEYKO, A.I., redaktor; SARMATSKAYA, G.I., redaktor; MOLESHIKOVA, A.P., tekhnicheskiy redaktor

[Using the suctorial strength of the tree crows in drying and impregnating wood] Primenenie scaushchei sily brony dlia sushki i propitki drevesiny. 2-e isd. ispr. i dop. Hoskva, Goslesbumizdat, 1954. 41 p.

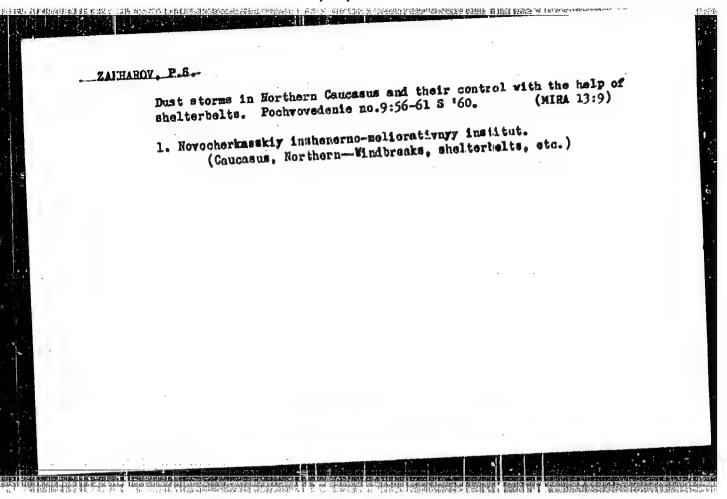
(Lumber-Drying)

ZAKHAROV, P.S. Cand Agrie Sci -- (diss) "The Experiment in the creation of oak plantings by means of sowing in the Roster areas" Hovocherkassk, 1958. 20 pp (lin Agr USSR. Hovocherkassk Engineering applicative Inst).

150 pages copies. (KL, 37-58, 111).

- 19 -

ĸ USER / Forestry. Forest Crops. : Ref Zhur - Biologiya, No 22, 1958, No. 100185 Abs Jour : Zekharov, P. S. Author : Whichoz Experience in Growing Forest Belts by Seed : h 5 given INE Title Planting : S.-kh. Sev. Kaykaza, 1958, No 2, 51-54 Orig Pub : Results are given of planting forest belts from seed in Rostovskaya oblast: . Trees used in the belts were Abstract oleauter, yellow acacia, apricot, false indigo, black locust, red dogwood, field maple, Pennsylvania ash, and honey locust. The success of the method is emphasized, and data are given on agro-engineering techniques of cultivations. -- L. V. Nesmelov Card 1/1 26



# ZAKHANOV, P.S., kend.sel\*skokhozjaystvennykh nauk Role of shelterbetis in the control of dust storms. Zemledelie 23 (MIRA 14:3) no.3:69-70 Mr \*61. 1. Novocherkasskiy inzhenerno-meliorativnyy institut. (Dust storms) (Windbreaks, shelterbelts, etc.)

ZAKRAROV, Pavel Sergeyevich; SHNEYDERMAN, K.A., red.; BCROVINSKAYA, L.M., tekhn. red.

[Dust storms and their control] Pyl'nye buri i bor'ba s nimi. Rostov-na-Donul Rostovskoe knizknoe izd-vo, 1961. 34 p. (MIRA 14:11) (Dust storms)

AL'BENGKIY, A.V.; VASIL'YEV, M.Ye.; KONDRASHOV, B.V.; KONDRAT'YEV, R.B.;
TARASENKO, A.N.; ZAKHAROV, P.S.; LYUBIMOV, V.P.

This is what scientists say about shelterbelts. Zemledelie (MTRA 18:10) 27 no.10:24-27 0 '65.

1. Direktor Vsasayuznogo nauchno-isaledovatel'skogo instituta agrolesomelioratsii. Chlen-korrespondent Vsesayuznoy akademii sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk imeni Lenina (for Al'tenskiy).
2. TSelinogradskiy sel'skokhozyaystvennyy institut (for Vasil'yev). 3. Direktor Povolzhskoy agrolesomeliorativnoy opytnoy stantsii (for Kondrashov). 4. Krasnoyarskiy sel'sopytnoy stantsii (for Kondrashov). 4. Krasnoyarskiy sel'skokhozyaystvennyy institut (for Kondrat'yev, Taraser.ko).
5. Novocherkasskiy inzhenerno-meliorativnyy institut (for Zakharov, Lyubimov).

ZAKHAR DV. Pavel Sergeyevich; TSUBERSILLER, Ye.A., otv. red.;
MAKHON'KO, K.P., otv. red.; TASNOGORODSKAYA, M.M., red.

[Dust storms] Pyl'nye buri. Leningrad, Gidrometeorizdat, 1965. 163 p. (MIRA 19:1)

VASHKOV, V.I.; SHNAYDER, Ye.V.; ZAKOLODKINA, V.I.; BRIKMAN, L.I.; CHUROVA, A.I.
ALIMBARASHVILI, TS.M.; BABAYAHTS, G.A.; ERRIAHIDZE, I. Sh.;
ZAKHAROV, P.V.; ISAAKYAN, A.G.; LEVIYEV, P. Ya.; MARTINGGI, M.E.;
MRACHKOVSKIY, S.K.; NAYDICH, N.L.; NESTERVODSKAYA, Ye.M.;
RAZMANOVA, Ye.M.; SAVINA, K.V.; SERGEYEVA, A.V.; SOKOLOVA, M.Ye.;
F.MICHEVA, V.S.; CHERNYSHEVA, V.A.; SHUMILOVA, T.V.

Sensitivity of houseflies to chlorophos prior to its use.
Zi. mikrobiol. 40 no.783-7 JI'63 (MIRA 17:11)

在自身的物理。我们的企业的企业的企业的企业,但是是一个企业的企业,但是是一个企业的企业的企业的企业的企业的企业。

VASHKOV, V.I.; SHNAYDER, Ye.V.; BRIKMAN, L.I.; ZAKOLODKINA, V.I.; CHUBKOVA, A.I.; ALIMBARASHVILI, TS.N.; BABAYANTS, G.A.; BERIANIDZE, I.Sh.; ZAKHAROV, P.V.; ISAAKYAN, A.G.; LEVIYEV, P.Ya.; MARTIMSON, M.E.; IRACHKOVSKIY, S.K.; NAYDICH, N.I.; NESTERVODSKAYA, Ye.M.; RAZMANOVA, Ye.M.; SAVINA, K.V.; SERGEYEVA, A.Ye.; SOKOLOVA, M.Ye.; FOMICHEVA, V.S.; CHERNYSHOVA, V.A.; SHUMILOVA, T.V.

Eensitivity to DDT of houseflies in various climatic zones of the USSR. Zhur.mikrobiol., epid.i immun. 33 no.8:20-24 Ag '62. (MIRA 15:10)

1. Iz TSentral'nogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo dezinfektsionnogo instituta.

(FLIES-EXTERMINATION) (DDT)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/15/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001963520017-7"

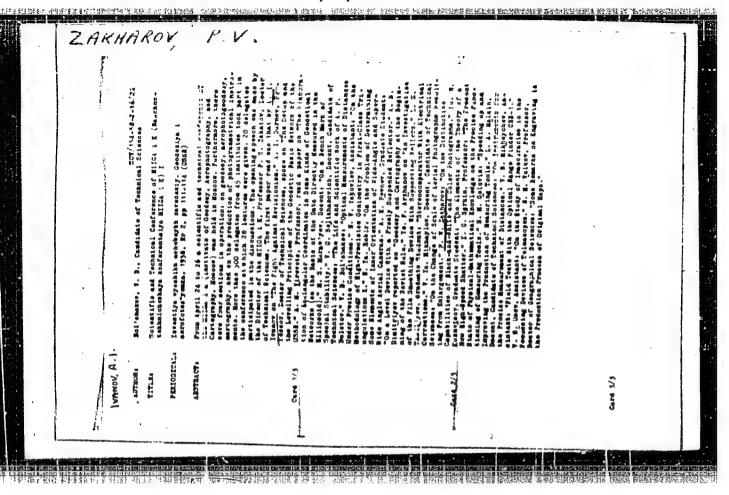
实现者可是你们的证据是你不会的是不完全,他们会会是一位的证法,是不是一些的人,我们也不能能够的的意思。 (1986年) (1986年) (1986年) (1986年) (1986年) (1986年) (1986年) (1986年) ZAKHAROV, P.V. AD 'ay - I TREGUERA ISLAND TENLED REFERENCE BETTER HEDD I Call No.: TAEDJ.NG 1913 Buthor: Mondaid, H. J., Br. of Tech. Sci., Prof. 300% Tall Title: Antil Projectore matrix, 2ml .1. Translitorated Title: Aerofototogo pr fiva Publiching Data Publishing House: Publishing House for Atolabical and Cartographical Literature No. 22.: 360 Dato: 1950 Others: Separate Chapters were written by: Ch. 2 - P. V. Zeldinrov, Ch. 3. 5. Editorial Staff: None and 11 - H. P. Kozhevnikov, Ch. 7 - H. P. Kelikov. Coverage: This is the second supplemented edition of a textbook dealing with Text Data photogrammatrical methods for building topographical maps, which is rainly economical with processes of field preliminary work, the plotting of the work-(bl) original of a up, and the atprophotogramatrical photograph of a relief. The new elition includes the appliestion in the topographic-positio work of atoto-scopes, methods of Sictorely, and the use of the storementar with additional correction devices. 1/3

Aerofototoporgrafiya

AID 419 - I

·李宗正是是一个1417年的 1882年 18

This tenthook is on a sagardively unadvined level. It gives the principles of photogrammetry and neitheds of processing certain negatives for plotting maps, but adds practically no information on the cameras and instruments used. Ye are or appenially interesting data could be found.



### 

ZAKHAROV, PV.

gUTHOR:

None Given

SOV/ 6-58-6-21/21

PITLE:

Chronicle (Khronika)

PERIODICAL:

Geocleziya i kartografiya, 1958, Nr 6, pp. 79-80 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

From April 24 - 26, 1958 a Technical Scientific Conference took place at the Moscow Institute of Surveying-, Aerial Photography- and Cartography Engineers (Moskovskiy institut

inzhenerov geodezii, aerofotos"yemki i kartografii).

In the section of aerial-surveying the following lectures were held: N. Ya. Bobir, Locent, - "On the Problem of the Determination of Elements of the Internal Orientation of Aerial Cameras With Wide and Superwide Angles". Ye. P. Arshanov, Assistant, - "Investigation of the Apparatus for the Straightening of the Film by Means of Waves". (Compressed Airomechanical Method by Docent A. I. Shershen'). V. Ya. Mikhaylov, Docent, - "On the Change of the Scale of Aerial Photographs in the Course of Enlarging". L. N. Vasil'yev, Aspirant, - "Stemeocompensator With Electric Corrections". P. V. Zakharov, Teacher, - "On the Fineness of Grain of Black and White as

Card 1/3

Well as Color Negatives of Aerial Photographs". Yu. M.

Chronicle

SOV/ 6-58-6-21/21

Kuznetaov, Aspirant, - "Elements of the Theory of the New Rapid Shutter".

In the section for surveying and photogrammetric apparatus the following lectures were held: I. G. Sarkin, Professor, "Physical and Mathematical Theses of the Theorem on the Accuracy of the Apparatus as a Means of Measurements". S. M. Golovin, Docent, - "Accelerating the Production Preparations of New Products and Reducing Their Costs". L. A. Malkin, Docent. - "Apparatus for the Exact Recording of Distances". V. S. Mikheyehew, Issistant, - "Field Tests With the Light Range Finder CBB-1" (In Moscow in August 1957). V. S. Usov, Assistant, - "On the Investigation of the Errors of the Focusing Devices of Telescopes".

In the section of cartography the following lectures were held: N. Volkov, Professor, - "On the Engraving in the Production of the Original Publication Editions". A. V. Naumov, Docent, - "Some Problems of the Household of Cartographic Production". G. A. Ginzburg, Docent, - "On the Interrelation of the Distortions in Cartographic Projections". L. A. Bogomolov, Docent, - "The Topographic E/aluation of Aerial Photographs Taken From Airplanes and Helicopters in

Card 2/3

Chronicle

SOV/ 6-58-6-21/21

the Cartographing of Areas Difficult of Access. A. S. Tolstoukhov, Assistant, - "On the Representation of Reliefs of Plane Areas on Topographic Maps".

1. Cartography 2. Aerial photography 3. Scientific reports

Card 3/3

21325 s/154/60/000/006/006/006 B116/B201

23,5000 (1138)

AUTHO::

Zakharov, P. V., senior teacher

Determination of resolution in aerial photography

TITLE:

Izvestiya vysshikh uchebnykh zavedeniy. Geodeziya 1

PERIODICAL:

aerofotos"yemka, no. 6, 1960, 121-132

TEXT: The present paper offers a survey of attempts made in the past five years for the determination of resolution in aerial photography, and respective results are presented. Brief mention is made of papers by Yu. N. Gorokhovskiy and Yu. K. Vifanskiy, laboratory work conducted by the kafedra aerofotos"yemki (Department of Aerial Photography), a paper by G. Brok, by Vilender (Sweden), and a paper by S. V. Belov, published in 1958 by the laboratoriy Aerometodov AN SSSR (Laboratory of Aerial Methods of the AS USSR). Aerial pictures taken by the Department of Aerial Photography during a special test in 1956 are described next. The pictures were taken with two aerial cameras: PMK (RMK) with an "Ortometar" objective (f = 210 mm), and MK (MK) with a "Russar 29" objective (f = 70 mm). The test object consisted of a system of parallel

Card 1/5

Determination of resolution in ...

21325 \$/154/60/000/006/006/006 B116/B201

earth strips (cut lawn) 10, 20, 40, and 80 cm wide, and 5 m long. These alternated with grass strips of the same width and length, having each three strips of the same size. Adjacent thereto was the same test object but perpendicular to the former. Moreover, black and white strips of the same width and length and in the same succession were painted on 16 plywood plates. Apart from the abovementioned, two more test objects equaling the former were placed on the lawn, with the only difference that the earth strips were covered by sand. In addition, individual lawn cuts having a width of 10, 20, 40, and 80 cm and a length of 6 m were placed on the grass near the test objects. One part was parallel to one test group, and the other at an angle of 45°. All of the former and half of the other strips were covered by sand. These individual strips were intended to serve for the determination of resolution. The latter has been defined by F. L. Burmistrov ("Precision Photography", Oborongiz, 1939) as being the property of the photolayer to represent a single line near which there are no other lines (this property being estimated by the width of the line that is reproducible best). All test objects were taken from altitudes of 2000, 1000, 500, and 250 m on panchromatic films and aerial color films. The time of

Card 2/5

21325 S/154/60/000/006/006/006 B116/B201

Determination of resolution in ...

exposure was in all cases 1/100 seconds. The panchromatic aerial films were developed in the developer by Chibisov. Color and spectrozonal aerial films were worked out by the process of TsNIIGA i K. Ho difference in resolution was found in the aerial films used. The latter was determined on the "resolvometer" from resolution and selectivity according to the aerial pictures. A comparison between resolution and selectivity according to the strip dimensions shows that, under equal conditions of photographing, resolution is twice as high when taking individual strips (selectivity). In contrast targets with k = 0.7 ani k = 0.9 (contrast) being in the flight direction, resolution is independent of the altitude and scale (in the range of the flying heights concerned). In targets with k = 0.2, resolution is reduced only when photographing from an altitude of 2000 m (probably because of the fog layer). Perrendicularly to the flight direction, resolution is reduced with an increase of crabbing, i.e., with a decrease of the flying height. The resolution obtained when photographing the contrast strips arranged at 45° in the flight direction, is twice as high in the contrast k = 0.7 (sand-grass) as compared with one at k = 0.2 (earth-grass). The maximum resolution is not constant in all films and in both aerial cameras. It must be

Card 3/5

21325

Determination of resolution in ...

S/154/60/000/006/006/006 B116/B201

assumed that the resolution of the objects depends upon the position of the object contours with respect to flight direction and flying height, and that it is bound to differ. The pictures taken from different heights show that targets in the flight direction can be reproduced best, whereas the reduction of resolution is hardly noticeable, depending on the position of the targets on the negatives (from the center toward the edge). Halations appear on the pictures of contrast targets; they are particularly noticeable in targets with k = 0.9. Tests have shown that the resolution of aerial pictures is in all cases 2-3 times smaller than the one obtained in the laboratory. Yu. V. Ryabushkin (Ref. 9) has shown that the image contrast varies considerable when photographing moving objects. The following ways are indicated for an increase of resolution: proper choice of vibration absorber for the aerial camera, reduction of crabbing by a correct minimum time of exposure, and proper choice of light filters for the widest possible elimination of the effect of fog layers. V. Ya. Mikhaylov is thanked for advice, and Yu. N. Kuznetsov for assistance in the tests. There are 5 tables and 10 references: 8 Soviet-bloc and 2 non-Soviet-bloc.

Card 4/5

21325

Determination of resolution in ...

S/154/60/000/006/006/006 B116/B201

ASSOCIATION:

Moskovskiy institut inzhenerov geodezii, aerofotos"yemki i kartografii (Moscow Institute of Engineers of Geodesy, Aerial Photography, and Cartography)

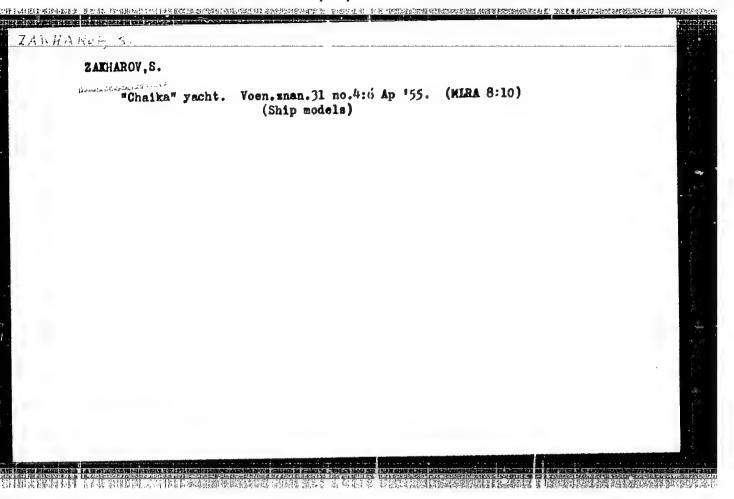
Card 5/5

ZAKHAROV, R.S., inzh.; BONDAREV, Ya.I., inzh.

Automatically controlled deisol-generator installation, DEA-200. Energomashinestroenie 6 no.5:38 Ky '60. (MIRA 13:9) (Automatic control) (Diesel engines) (Electric generators)

ZAKHAROV, S.: KLOSS, E.

Metal models of ships. Voen.zman. 29 no.8:23 ag \*53. (MLZa 6:3)
(Ship models)



Zakharov S.

Zakharov S.

Water-jet propulsion for ship models. Youn. snan. 33 no.12:30-31
D '57.

(Ship models—Engines)

VESYLOVSKIY, A.; ZAKHAROV, S.; KONYUSHENKO, I.A., red.; BLAZHENKOVA, G.I., tekhn.red.

[Models of naval vessels] Model: voennykh korablei. Moskva. Isd-vo DOSAAF, 1958. 28 p. (MIRA 12:2) (Varships--Models)

### ZAKHAROV, S.

Hull of a metal model. Voen. wnam. 34 no.9:34 S 158.

(MIRA 11:10)

1. Starshiy inshener-konstruktor TSentral'noy laboratorii morekogo modelizma TSentral'nogo Komiteta Lobrovol'nogo obshchestva sodeystviya armii, aviatsii i flotu SSSR.

(Ship models)

### "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/15/2001

### CIA-RDP86-00513R001963520017-7

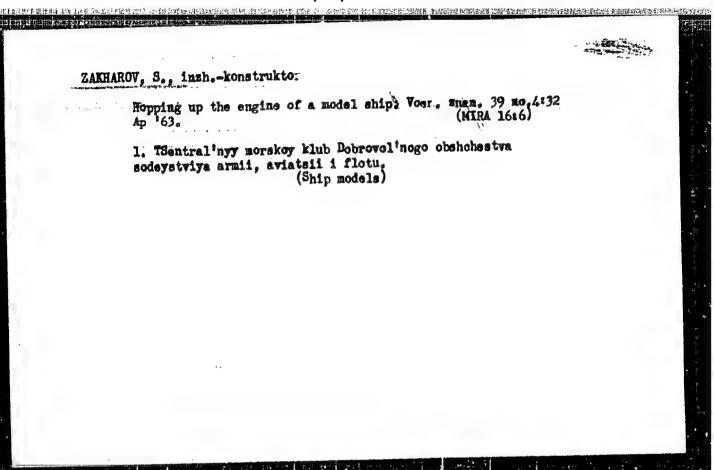
L 02433-67 EWP(1)/EWT(m)/EWP(t)/ETI IJP(c) RW/JH/JD/WB ACC NR. AP6025981 SOURCI: CODE: UR/0310/66/000/007/0023/0024 AUTHOR: Zakharov, S.; Matasov, Yu. ORG: GT KB TITLE: Protection of river hydrofoils against corrosion SOURCE: Rechnoy transport, no. 7, 1966, 23-24 TOPIC TAGS: corrosion, corrosion protection, hydrofoil, PROTECTIVE COATING, ALEMANUM ALLOY, EPEK-2 PROTECTIVE COATING, EPYK-1 PROTECTIVE COATING, EP-71 PROTECTIVE COATING, COATING, ABSTRACT: Corrosion damage on Raketa and Meteor hydrofoils operated on the Volga river has led to an investigation of corrosion sources and of protective coatings # for their hulls, which are of D-16 AT aluminum alloy.27 The most intensive corrosion damage occurred on rivet heads, attriveted joints, and near the engine on the bottom shell where it is subjected to vibration. Oxide and hydroxide incrustation 2-3 mm thick were generated due to the atmospheric incluence, particularly during the winter lay-up. The use of various coatings and the number of layers applied is analyzed. Directions for applying the newly developed EPEK-2 and EPVK-1 coatings. which proved best, and their compositions are given. The preparation of these coatings and their durability and method of application are described. The recently introduced EF-71 balthough twice as expensive, is the most advanced coating for hydrofoil hulls. Orig. art. has: 3 figures. SUB CODE: 11, 13/ SUBM DATE: none/ 620.197.1:629.011 UDC:

ZAKHAROV, S.; CHIERTROV, A., inch.

Mechanized operations in the repair of polished varnish coatings.
Rech. transp. 24 no.6:24-26 '65. (Mir A 12:2)

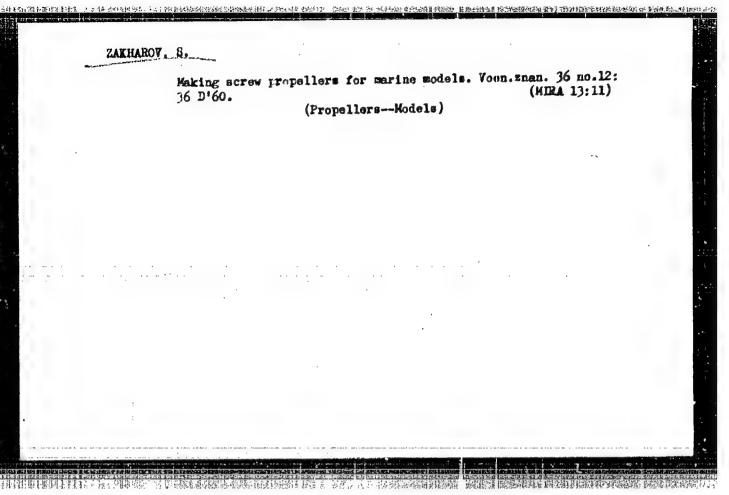
1. Glavnyy konstruktor Gor'kovekogo trentral'nogo konstruktor-skogo byuro Ministerstva rechnogo flota (for Zakharov).
2. Gor'kovekoyo tsentral'noyo konstruktorskoyo byuro Ministerstva rechnogo flota (for Chibrisov).

entry y const	KHAROV, S.	and the second					
	Use more repair	Use more extensively synthetic materials in the building and repairing of ships. Hech. transp. 23 to.12:20-21 U '64. (MIRA 18:6)					
		ivnyy konstrukto Ministerstva re			tralinogo ko		Ō
				٠.			
				-			
						·	
		·					



VAAG, L.; ZAKHAROV, S.

Yield of production funds and enterprise profit. Vop.ekom.
no.4:88-100 Ap '63.
(Profit) (Industrial maragement)



# ZAKHAROV. S. How to make a model subchaser. Voen. man. 16 no.9:33-34 S '60. (KIRA 13:9) 1. Starshiy inshener-konstruktor TSentral'no; labratorii morakogo modelizma Dobrovol'nogo obahchestva sodeystv.ya armii, sviatsii i flotu. (Ship models)

GLUKHOVISEV, S .; ZAKHAROV, S., inzh.

Homerade flotilla. Tekh.mol. 28 no.10:16 '50.

(MIRA 13:10)

I. Hachal nik TSentral noy morskoy model noy laboratorii Dobrovol nogo obshchestva sodeystviya armii, aviatsii i flotu (for Glukhovtsev).

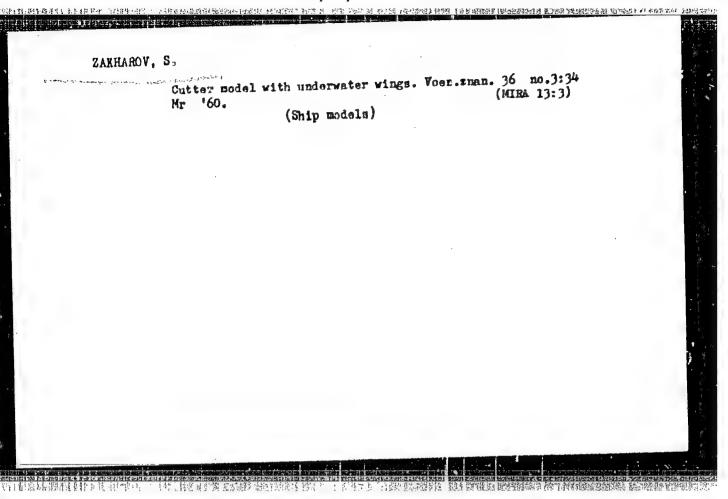
(Ship models)

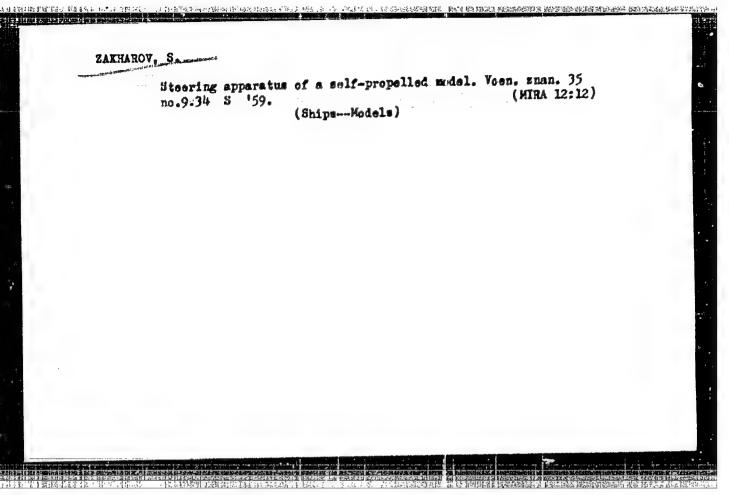
ZAKHAROV, S., podpolkovnik

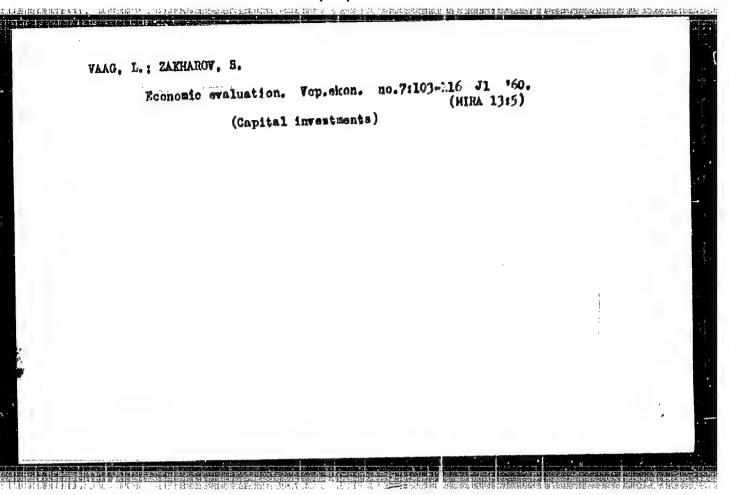
Tank company's combat operations in the depth of the snery's defense.

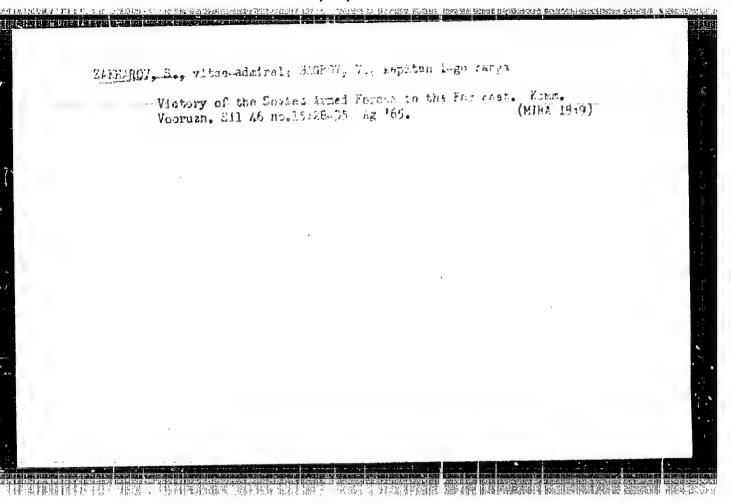
Yoen.vest. 39 no.6:18-20 Je 160.

(Tank warfare)









Measurement of the temporature of the working space of an electric furnace using a thermocouple and an electronic potenticmeter. Izv. LETI no.52:205-210 \*(4.\*) (MIRA 18:9)

ZAKHAROV, S. A. - "A localLaramie upheaval in the central part of the Tadahik depression," Scobshch. Tadah. filiala Akad. nauk SSSR, Issue 11, 1949, p. 3-5

So: U-3566, 15 March 53, (Leto-is 'Zhurnal 'nykh Statey, No. 13, 1949)

1. ZAKHAPOV, S. A.: B SG C., V. 1.	
------------------------------------	--

- 2. USSR (600)
- 4. Tajik Depression Geology, Stratigraphic
- 7. Laramic phase of folding in the Tajik Depression. Soob. TFAN SSSR NO. 31, 1951

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, \_\_\_\_\_\_1953, Uncl

### ZAKHAROV, S.A.

Conditions of the structural formation of the Tajik Depression.

Izv.Otd.est.nauk AN Tadzh.SSR no.9:3-13 '55. (KLRA 9:10)

1. Institut geologii AN Tadshikskoy SSR.
(Tajik Depression--Geology, Structural)

经保险证 医肾髓管 医动物性神经 医动物结核 计机器连续 医神经神经

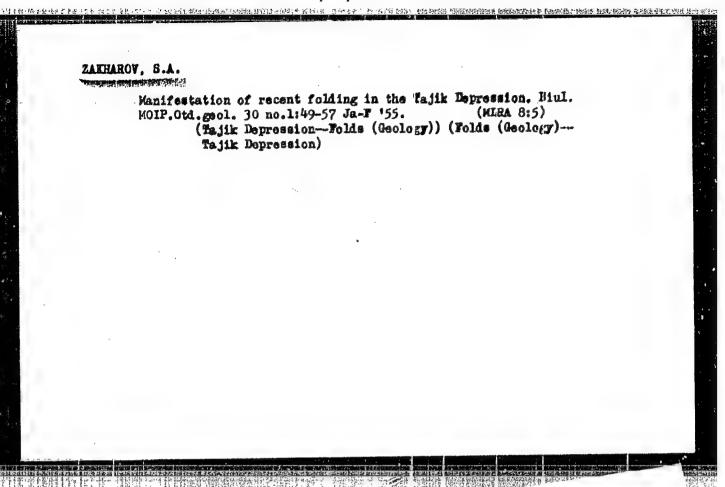
### ZAKHAROV, S.A.

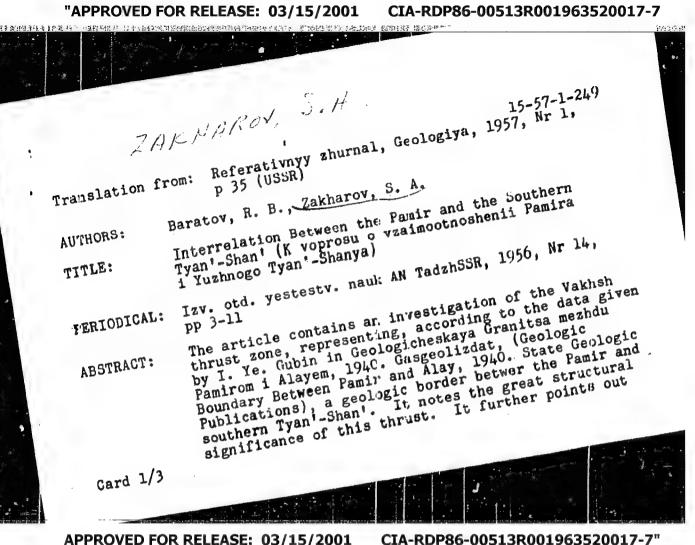
Relation between the Tajik Depression and the Gissar Range.
Izv.Otd.est.nauk AN Tadzh.SSR no.9:15-20 \*55. (MLRA 9:10)

1. Institut geologii AF Tadshikskoy SSR.

(Tajik Depression--Geology, Structural)

(Gissar Range--Geology, Structural)





APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/15/2001

15-57-1-249

Interrelation Between the Pamir (Cont.)

that the superimposition of the Cretaceous layer (referred by I. Ye. Gubin to the outer zone of the Pamir) onto the Mesozoic and Cenozoic fermations on the foothills of southern Tyan'-Shan' (the frontal zone of the southern Tyan'-Shan', according to I. Ye. Gubin), can be plainly seen along the northern slope of the Peter the First Range plainly seen along the northern slope of the Peter the First Range in the region of the Dorai-Nazarak, Kuglik and Khodzha-Alisho. This last region is located in the northern foothills of Vakhsh Range and also in the region near the northeastern end of the Surkh-Ku Range (Garm and Obi-Garm regions of the Tadzhik SSR.) The frontal part of the Vakhsh thrust surface is horizontal in the central part of the Petra Pervoge Range, but also produces some distinct local folds. The minimum apparent horizontal displacement along local folds. The minimum apparent horizontal displacement along the Vakhsh thrust in the region of Darai-Nazarak and at the northeastern end of the Surkh-Ku Range reaches 3 km, and in the northeastern end of the Surkh-Ku Range reaches 3 km, and in the thrust between the frontal zone deposits of southern Tyan'-the thrust between the frontal zone deposits of southern Tyan'-the thrust between the frontal zone deposits of southern Tyan'-the thrust between the frontal zone deposits of has been noted rear card 2/3

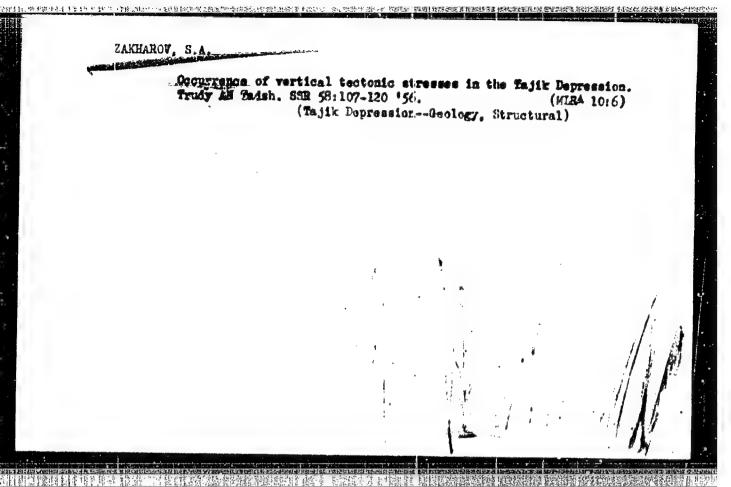
APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/15/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001963520017-7"

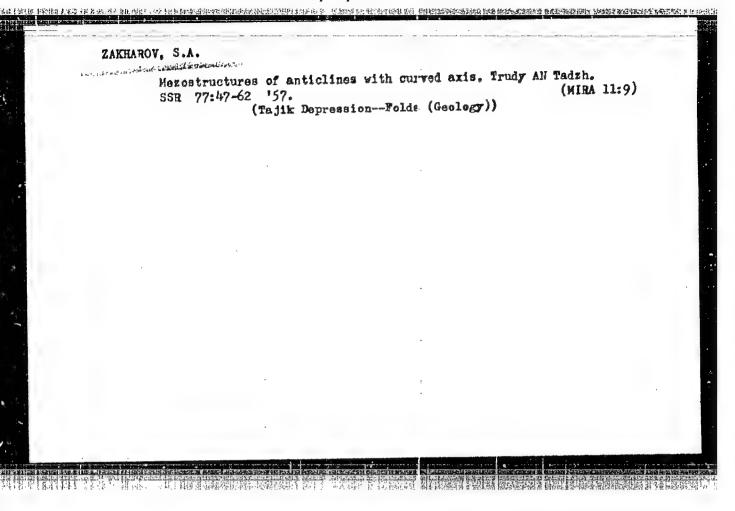
Interrelation Between the Pamir (Cont.)

15-57-1-249

the villages of Sumbulak (Fayzabad region) and Yaldymich (Garm region). The authors point out that the zone of steep south Gissarskye faults, separating the Paleozoic deposits of the southern Tyan'-Shan' from the Mesozoic and Cenozoic formation of the Vakhsh thrust.

A. V. G.





ZAKHAROV, S.A.

Weanders cut into the slopes of ranges of the Tajik Depression. Trudy All Tadsh.SSR 99:19-25 '58.

(KIRA 13:4)

(Tajikintan-Vallays-Geology, Structural)

ZAKHAROV, S. A., Doc Geol-Sin Set -- (diss) "Tecatonic development of the Tadzhikskaya Depression in the Resozoic and the Faleogene." Stalinabad, 1959. 27 pp; (Academy of Sciences Tadzhik SSR, Inst of Geology); 200 copies; price not given; list of author's work at end of text (15 entries); (KL, 24-60, 129)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/15/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001963520017-7"

# ZAKHAROV, S.A. Structure of the Tajik Depression in connection with its prospective petroleum-bearing capacity/ Izv. Otd. geol.-khim. i tekh. nauk AN Tadzh. SSR no.1:99-115 '59. (MIRA 14:8) 1. Institut geologii AN Tadzhikskoy SSR. (Tajikistan--Petroleum geology)

BARATOV, R.B.; ZAKHAROV, S.A.; MISHIKOV, K.P.; HAZAROV, Kh.N.

B.L. Lichkov, scientist and researcher; on his 70th birthday and the 50th auniversary of his pedagogical activities. Isv. Otd. est. nauk AN Tadzh. SSR no.1:121-132 '59. (MIRA 13:3) (Lichkov, Boris Leonidovich, 1888-)

ZAKHAROV, S.A.

Probable location of oil and gas reservoir rocks in the Tajik Depression. Dokl.AN Tadzh.SSR 2 no.3:17-20 59. (MIRA 13:4)

22 中国 25 中国中国的国际政策的政策的政策的政策的政策的企业。

1. Institut geologii AN Tadzhikskoy SSR. Predstavleno akademikom AN Tadzhikskoy SSR A.P.Nedzvetskim.
(Tajikistan--Petroleum geology)
(Tajikistan--Gas. Natural--Goology)

ZAKHAROV, S.A.

Oil and gas formation in the Tajik Depression. Trudy AF Tadzb. SSR 118:
23-51 '59.

(Tajikistan--Petroleum geology)

(Tajikistan--Gas, Natural--Geology)

表的形式 化合物 有一种经验设计 在 2.15人的现在人类的经验的 基本系统 医克格特氏管 电电路线线 化多数分离 医二种二种

ZAKHAROV, S.A., red.; KUKHTIKOV, M.M., red.; GELLER, S.P., tekhn. red.

[Abstracts of reports of the Second All-Union Conference on Tectonics] Tezisy dokladov Vsesoluznogo tektonicheskogo soveshchanila. Red. S.A.Zakharov, M.M.Kukhtikov. Dushanbe, AN Tadznik.SSR, 1962. 113 p. (MIRA 17:4)

1. Vsesoyuznoye tektonicheskoye soveshchaniye, 2d, Dushanbe.

BARKHATOV, B.; VLASOV, N.G.; ZAKHAROV, S.A.; KUKHTIKCV, M.M.

[Excursion guide of the second All-Union Tectonics Society] Putevoditel' ekskursii. Dushanbe, In-t geologii AN Tedzhik.SSR, 1962. 98 p. (MIRJ. 17:7)

1. Vsesoyuznoye tektonicheskoye soveshchaniye, 2d, Dushanbe.

 Tectonic reg Depression.	ionalization and structural plan of the Tajic Trudy Inst.geol.AN Tadzh.SSR 524-72 '62. (MIRA 16:1) (Tajic Depression—Geology, Structural)	

BARATOV, R.B., otv. red.; KUKHTIKOV, M.M., zam. otv. red.;
BABAKHODZHAYEV, S.M., red.; BAEKOV, K.V., red.;
DZHALILOV, M.R., red.; ZAKHAKOV, S.A., red.; NCVIKOVA,
T.I., red.; PANKRATOV, P.A., rod.; REYMAN, V.M., red.

[Problems of the geology of Tajikisten; festschrift for the 23d Session of the Geological Congress in Delhi] Problemy geologii Tadzhikistana; sbornik, posviashchennyi XXII sessii Mozhdunarodnogo geologicheskogo kongressa v Deli. Dushanba, AN Tadzhik SSR, 1964. 290 p. (MIRA 18:3)

1. Akademiya nauk Tadzhikskoy SSR, Dushanbe. Institut geologii.

GERSHTENKERN, S.Ye., inzh.; ZAKHAROV, S.A., inzh.; CHUGUNNYY, Ye.G., inzh.

Book reviews. Lit. proizv. no.ll:43-45 N '65. (MTR4 16:12)

L 44601-66 EWT(1)/EWT(m)/EEC(k)-2/T/EWP(k)/EWP(t)/ETI IJP(c) WG/JD/JG ACC NR: AP6030960 SOURCE CODE: UR/0181/66/008/009/2616/2622

AUTHOR: Basov, N. G.; Yeliseyev, P. G.; Zakharov, S. D.; Zakharov, Yu. P.; Orayevskiy, I. N.; Pinsker, I. Z.; Strakhov, V. P.

ORG: Physics Institute im. P. N. Lebedev, AN SSSR, Moscow (Fizicheskiy institut AN SSSR)

TITLE: Certain properties of GaAs laser diodes

SOURCE: Fizika tverdogo tela, v. 8, no. 5, 1966, 2616-2622

TOPIC TAGS: solid state laser, semiconductor laser, gallium arsenide, laser, SEMICONDUCTOR DIONE

ABSTRACT: Phenomenological methods were used in an experimental study of certain properties of GaAs laser diodes (loss factor, quantum yield, differential efficiency, gain). The specimens were prepared by the diffusion of zinc into n-type GaAs crystals with electron concentrations of 2 x 10<sup>18</sup> cm<sup>-3</sup>. The cavities consisted of silver mirrors sputtered on polished crystalline surfaces pre-coated with a thin layer of SiO, and the electrical contacts consisted of sputtered metal (Au, Ni, In, Sn) films and fused-in electrodes. The measurements were carried out at 77K and the pulsed output was recorded by a calibrated silicon photodiode. The lowest threshold currents occurred in diodes which were cleaved on all four sides. A threshold current of 25 mamp was attained at the liquid He temperature and at a density of 75 amp/cm<sup>2</sup>. C-w operation was observed from diodes with I thr < 0.5 amp at 4.2K. The results

Card 1/2

L 44601-66 0 ACC NR: AP6030960 indicate that the transformation of electrical power into optical power occurs with a yield of the order of unity and that the greatest loss is due to absorption in the medium inside the cavity. The loss coefficient for the better diodes was 5-10 cm-1 at 77K, a value which had been theoretically predicted elsewhere. The highest differential efficiency at 77K was 67%, although it was much lower in the case of diodes with Fabry-Perot cavities under high threshold current densities and in foursided diodes with low threshold current densities. The efficiency of the p-n junctions was 0.5-0.55 with a 25% gain, which took into account losses in series resistance. Efficiencies of 60% were achieved in the case of optimal reflectivity and cavity length. The optical gain in the subthreshold region was 3.10-2, cm-1. Orig. art. has: 2 tables, 6 figures, and 9 formulas. SUB CODE: 20/ SUBM DATE: 17Jan66/ ORIG REF: 001/ OTH REF: 009/ ATD PRESS: 5078

ZAKHAROV, S.F.; GLEBOV, K.K., glavnyy vrach.

Case of exudative pericarditis healed by puncture. Vest.khir. 73 no.3:56
Ny-Je '53.

1. Khirurgicheskoye otdeleniye Pervomayskoy pervoy bol'nitay Odesskoy oblasti.
(Pericarditis)

ZAKHAROV, S.F. (Pervomaysk, Odesskaya oblast', Vurovskaya ul., d.23)

Two cases of cancer in infants. Vest. khir. 74 no.5:83 "1-Ag '54.

1. Is khirurgicheskogo otdeleniya Pervomayskoy I-y bol'nitay (glavn. vrach K.K.Glebor) Odesskoy oblasti.

(SKIH, neoplasms, in inf.)

(PAROTID GLAND, neoplasms, nelsnoma, in inf.)

(MELANOMA, parotid gland, in inf.)

### ZAKHAROV, S.F.

的"中華機能對於於公司,從一一一,於於國際的影響,所以對於公司。

Perferation of a common ulcer of the small intestine. Khirurgiia no.4:85 Ap '55. (MLRA 8:9)

1. Khiruzgicheskoye otdeleniye 1-y bolinitsy Pervensyska Odesskoy oblasti.
(IFTESTIMES---ULCERS)

SAVCHENKOV, A.A.; ZAKHAROV, S.G.

The 1341-type turret lathe. Biul.tekh,-eken.inform. no.1:28(MIRA 12:2)

(Lathes)

ZAKHAROV, S. I.; ZHAÇIN, B. P.; SPIRIDOV, F. M.; SPITSYN, V. I.; and DALUKOVA, V. D.; and GROMOV, V. V.

"Sorption regularities in Behavior of Fission Product Elements during Filtration of their Solutions through Grownds."

report presented at the Scientific Conference on the Disposal of Redicactive Wastes, Monaco, 16-21 November 19591

ACC NR: AP6021412 SOURCE CODE: UR/0413/66/000/011/0008/0008

INVENTOR: Zakharov, S. K.; Mal'tsev, B. A.

ORG: None

TITIE: An attachment for a machine tool used for bending bottom flanges. Class 7, No. 182095

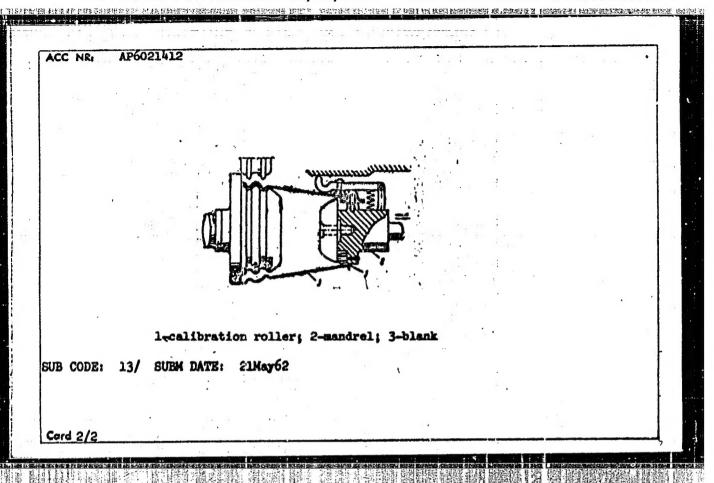
SOURCE: Izobreteniya, promyshlennyye obratsy, tovarnyye znaki, no. 11, 1966, 8

TOPIC TAGS: metal bending, metal forming machine tool

ABSTRACT: This Author's Certificate introduces an attachment for a machine tool used for bending bottom flanges in thin walled hollow blanks having the shape of bodies of revolution. This attachment contains bending rollers which move along the axis of the blank, and is equipped with calibration rollers which are set on a common mandrel with the flanging roller. The mandrel moves step-wise along the axis of the blank. The calibration rollers interact with the internal surface of the blank undergoing bending. This is done to produce higher quality flanges with preforming of the bent edge.

Card1/2

UDC; 621,981,634



1 15704	- 1 · ·	
ACCESSION	NR: AP5022601	TR/0190/65/007/309/1554/1561 678.01:53+675 14:508.12
AUTHORS:	cakhurov <sub>e</sub> s. 1.	Marandam, I. I. Litarena I. a Russer Co. 2
3 09 m		TOTAL STATE OF STATE
GARON: S	TEOKOLO Lekulyar	THE STREET BOOKS
TFAC" -	· Tim more coanta	
Tirtum }	•	And the transfer of the first o
dimethy d	Carbo aga	divise with methacrylic a day ir so
darlier (m)	rk (Zuvodak, loj	n. 30, 1399, 1964). Change in elastic deformation of in imporation of the modulus
Cord 1/2		the modifier of the modifier of t real